

recorded shall be summarized and reported to the Regional Administrator, on forms furnished by the Regional Administrator, and shall be submitted within 45 days after the end of the reporting period. Reporting periods are January 1-June 30 and July 1-December 31.

(3) Information recorded by the owner or operator and copies of this summarizing report submitted to the Regional Administrator shall be retained by the owner or operator for 2 years after the date on which the pertinent report is submitted.

(4) Emission data obtained from owners or operators of stationary sources will be correlated with applicable emission limitations and other control measures that are part of the applicable plan and will be available at the appropriate regional office and at other locations in the state designated by the Regional Administrator.

[37 FR 10878, May 31, 1972, as amended at 37 FR 15086, July 27, 1972; 38 FR 12708, May 14, 1973; 40 FR 55331, Nov. 28, 1975; 43 FR 1342, Jan. 24, 1978; 51 FR 40676, Nov. 7, 1986]

#### § 52.1474 Part D conditional approval.

(a) The following portions of the Nevada SIP contain deficiencies with respect to Part D of the Clean Air Act which must be corrected within the time limit indicated.

(1)-(4) [Reserved]

[46 FR 21766, Apr. 14, 1981, as amended at 47 FR 15792, Apr. 13, 1982; 47 FR 27069, June 23, 1982; 49 FR 6900, Feb. 24, 1984]

#### § 52.1475 Control strategy and regulations: Sulfur oxides.

(a) The requirements of subpart G of this chapter are not met since the plan does not adequately provide for attainment and maintenance of the National Ambient Air Quality Standards for sulfur oxides in the Nevada Intrastate Region.

(b) Article 8.1.3 of Nevada's "Air Quality Regulations" (emission limitation for sulfur from existing copper smelters), which is part of the sulfur oxides control strategy, is disapproved since it does not provide the degree of control needed to attain and maintain the National Ambient Air Quality Standards for sulfur oxides in the Nevada Intrastate Region.

(c) Regulation for control of fugitive sulfur oxides emissions (Nevada Intrastate Region). (1) The owner or operator of the Kennecott Copper Company smelter located in White Pine County, Nevada, in the Nevada Intrastate Region shall utilize best engineering techniques for reducing escape of pollutants to the atmosphere and to capture sulfur oxides emissions and vent them through a stack or stacks. Such techniques shall include, but not be limited to:

(i) Installing and operating hoods on all active matte tapholes, matte launders, slag skim bays, slag handling operations, and holding ladles on each reverberatory furnace;

(ii) Installing tight fitting hoods on each active converter and operating such hoods except during pouring and charging operations;

(iii) Maintaining all ducts, flues, and stacks in a leak-free condition;

(iv) Maintaining all reverberatory furnaces and converters under normal operating conditions in such a fashion that out-leakage of gases will be prevented to the maximum extent possible;

(v) Wherever feasible, ducting emissions through the tallest stack or stacks serving the facility; and

(vi) Wherever feasible, passing the effluents from all hooding through the tallest stack or stacks serving the facility.

(2) (i) If the owner or operator of the smelter subject to this paragraph is not in compliance with the provisions of paragraph (c)(1) of the section the following compliance schedule shall apply:

(a) 30 days after the effective date of this regulation. Let contracts or issue purchase orders for hoods and flues for control of fugitive sulfur oxides emissions or provide evidence that such contracts have been let.

(b) July 1, 1975. Initiate on-site construction and/or installation of emission control equipment.

(c) July 1, 1976. Complete on-site construction and/or installation of emission control equipment.

(d) January 1, 1977. Achieve final compliance with requirements of paragraph (c)(1) of this section.